that adequately remedies the deficiencies jointly identified by the Board and the Corporation under §243.5(b).

- (c) Divestiture. The Board and Corporation, in consultation with the Council, may jointly, by order, direct the covered company to divest such assets or operations as are jointly identified by the Board and Corporation if:
- (1) The Board and Corporation have jointly determined that the covered company or a subsidiary thereof shall be subject to requirements or restrictions pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section; and
- (2) The covered company has failed, within the 2-year period beginning on the date on which the determination to impose such requirements or restrictions under paragraph (a) of this section was made, to submit a revised resolution plan that adequately remedies the deficiencies jointly identified by the Board and the Corporation under §243.5(b); and
- (3) The Board and Corporation jointly determine that the divestiture of such assets or operations is necessary to facilitate an orderly resolution of the covered company under the Bankruptcy Code in the event the company was to fail.

### §243.7 Consultation.

Prior to issuing any notice of deficiencies under §243.5(b), determining to impose requirements or restrictions under §243.6(a), or issuing a divestiture order pursuant to §243.6(c) with respect to a covered company that is likely to have a significant impact on a functionally regulated subsidiary or a depository institution subsidiary of the covered company, the Board—

- (a) Shall consult with each Council member that primarily supervises any such subsidiary; and
- (b) May consult with any other Federal, state, or foreign supervisor as the Board considers appropriate.

#### §243.8 No limiting effect or private right of action; confidentiality of resolution plans.

(a) No limiting effect on bankruptcy or other resolution proceedings.—A resolution plan submitted pursuant to this part shall not have any binding effect on:

- (1) A court or trustee in a proceeding commenced under the Bankruptcy Code;
- (2) A receiver appointed under title II of the Dodd-Frank Act (12 U.S.C. 5381 *et seq.*);
- (3) A bridge financial company chartered pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 5390(h); or
- (4) Any other authority that is authorized or required to resolve a covered company (including any subsidiary or affiliate thereof) under any other provision of Federal, state, or foreign law.
- (b) No private right of action.—Nothing in this part creates or is intended to create a private right of action based on a resolution plan prepared or submitted under this part or based on any action taken by the Board or the Corporation with respect to any resolution plan submitted under this part.
- (c) Form of resolution plans. Each resolution plan of a covered company shall be divided into a public section and a confidential section. Each covered company shall segregate and separately identify the public section from the confidential section. The public section shall consist of an executive summary of the resolution plan that describes the business of the covered company and includes, to the extent material to an understanding of the covered company:
  - (1) The names of material entities;
- (2) A description of core business lines;
- (3) Consolidated or segment financial information regarding assets, liabilities, capital and major funding sources;
- (4) A description of derivative activities and hedging activities;
- (5) A list of memberships in material payment, clearing and settlement systems;
- (6) A description of foreign operations;
- (7) The identities of material supervisory authorities;
- (8) The identities of the principal officers;
- (9) A description of the corporate governance structure and processes related to resolution planning;
- (10) A description of material management information systems; and

### § 243.9

- (11) A description, at a high level, of the covered company's resolution strategy, covering such items as the range of potential purchasers of the covered company, its material entities and core business lines.
- (d) Confidential treatment of resolution plans. (1) The confidentiality of resolution plans and related materials shall be determined in accordance with applicable exemptions under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552(b)) and the Board's Rules Regarding Availability of Information (12 CFR part 261), and the Corporation's Disclosure of Information Rules (12 CFR part 309).
- (2) Any covered company submitting a resolution plan or related materials pursuant to this part that desires confidential treatment of the information under 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4), the Board's Rules Regarding Availability of Information (12 CFR part 261), and the Corporation's Disclosure of Information Rules (12 CFR part 309) may file a request for confidential treatment in accordance with those rules.
- (3) To the extent permitted by law, information comprising the Confidential Section of a resolution plan will be treated as confidential.
- (4) To the extent permitted by law, the submission of any nonpublic data or information under this part shall not constitute a waiver of, or otherwise affect, any privilege arising under Federal or state law (including the rules of any Federal or state court) to which the data or information is otherwise subject. Privileges that apply to resolution plans and related materials are protected pursuant to Section 18(x) of the FDI Act, 12 U.S.C. 1828(x).

### §243.9 Enforcement.

The Board and Corporation may jointly enforce an order jointly issued by the Board and Corporation under §§ 243.6(a) or 243.6(c) of this part. The Board, in consultation with the Corporation, may take any action to address any violation of this part by a covered company under section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1818).

# PART 244—CREDIT RISK RETENTION (REGULATION RR)

# Subpart A—Authority, Purpose, Scope and Definitions

Sec.

244.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.

244.2 Definitions.

### Subpart B—Credit Risk Retention

244.3 Base risk retention requirement.

244.4 Standard risk retention.

244.5 Revolving pool securitizations.

244.6  $\,$  Eligible ABCP conduits.

244.7 Commercial mortgage-backed securities.

244.8 Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ABS.

244.9 Open market CLOs.

244.10 Qualified tender option bonds.

## Subpart C—Transfer of Risk Retention

244.11 Allocation of risk retention to an originator.

244.12 Hedging, transfer and financing prohibitions.

### Subpart D—Exceptions and Exemptions

244.13 Exemption for qualified residential mortgages.

244.14 Definitions applicable to qualifying commercial loans, qualifying commercial real estate loans, and qualifying automobile loans.

244.15 Qualifying commercial loans, commercial real estate loans, and automobile loans.

244.16 Underwriting standards for qualifying commercial loans.

244.17 Underwriting standards for qualifying CRE loans.

244.18 Underwriting standards for qualifying automobile loans.

244.19 General exemptions.

244.20 Safe harbor for certain foreign-related transactions.

244.21 Additional exemptions.

244.22 Periodic review of the QRM definition, exempted three-to-four unit residential mortgage loans, and communityfocused residential mortgage exemption.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 221  $et\ seq.$ , 1461  $et\ seq.$ , 1818, 1841  $et\ seq.$ , 3103  $et\ seq.$ , and 15 U.S.C. 780–11.

SOURCE: 79 FR 77740, 77764, Dec. 24, 2014, unless otherwise noted.